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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/418,562	10/15/1999	JACOBUS C. HAARTSEN	040070-549	9055
21839 7.	590 05/15/2003			
BURNS DOANE SWECKER & MATHIS'L L P			EXAMINER	
	POST OFFICE BOX 1404 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1404		ODOM, CURTIS B	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2634	7
•			DATE MAILED: 05/15/2003	/

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
' Office Astice Occurrence	09/418,562	HAARTSEN, JACOBUS C.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Curtis B. Odom	2634					
The MAILING DATE of this communic Period for Reply	ation appears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commur  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30)  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statu  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply wi  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months afte earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	ATION.  37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a nication. days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thi tory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO II, by statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed  irty (30) days will be considered timely.  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. & 133).					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on <i>04 March 200</i> 3 .						
· <u> </u>	D)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
	Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
<u> </u>	☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,4-9,16 and 19-24</u> is/are rejected. 7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2,3,10-15,17,18 and 25-30</u> is/are objected to.							
<u></u>	•						
<ul><li>8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction</li><li>Application Papers</li></ul>	on and/or election requirement.						
9) The specification is objected to by the I	Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a		the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any object	tion to the drawing(s) be held in abey	rance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11) The proposed drawing correction filed of	on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ o	disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are requ	ired in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to b	y the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	or foreign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority do	ocuments have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority do	ocuments have been received in A	Application No					
application from the Internat	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for							
_ a)	uage provisional application has b	een received.					
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for Attachment(s)	domestic phonty under 35 U.S.C.	. 99 120 and/or 121.					
Attachment(s)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  Discrete of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper	0-948) 5) Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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#### DETAILED ACTION

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 4-9, 16, and 19-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bergstrom et al (U.S. Patent No. 4, 716, 573).

Regarding claim 1, Bergstrom et al. discloses a method of selecting a hop channel for use in a channel hopping communication system that includes a sequence of hop channels, wherein the sequence comprises a set of forbidden hop channels and a remaining set of allowable hop channels (column 2, lines 62-65), wherein the channels with interference are forbidden hop channels, the method comprising:

selecting (column 2, lines 4-16) a hop channel from the sequence as a function of a present phase; and

if the selected hop channel is a forbidden hop channel then using a time-varying parameter to select a substitute hop channel from the set of allowable channels (column 2, lines 20-27 and column 3, lines 27-33).

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Bergstorm et al. does not disclose if the selected hop channel is an allowable hop channel, then using the selected hop channel for communication during the present phase and using the substitute hop channel for communication during the present phase

However, Bergstrom et al (U.S. Patent No. 6, 351, 643) discloses that depending on a status value, the selected hop channel or the substitute hop channel would be used for transmission (column 2, lines 21-27). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that if the state value met a certain specification, then the selected hop channel would be an allowable hop channel and used for communication during a present phase, but if the status value did not meet a certain specification, then the substitute hop channel would be used for communication during the present phase.

Regarding claim 4, which inherits the limitations of claim 1, Bergstrom et al. further discloses the time-varying parameter is a randomly selected value (column 3, lines 30-33).

Regarding claim 5, which inherits the limitations of claim 1, Bergstrom et al. does not disclose the time-varying parameter is a pseudo-randomly selected value. However, Bergstrom et al. does disclose the time-varying parameter is a randomly selected value (column 3, lines 30-33). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that the time-varying parameter could have also been a pseudo-randomly selected value since both parameters would simply produce random values.

Regarding claim 6, which inherits the limitations of claim 1, Bergstrom et al. discloses at least one of the forbidden channels is associated with received interference from a jammer (column 2, lines 11-27).

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Regarding claim 7, which inherits the limitations of claim 1, Bergstrom et al. discloses at least one of the forbidden hop channels is reserved for used by a communication system that is not the channel hopping communication system (column 1, lines 13-21, wherein the prohibited frequency is occupied by a jammer caused by a local TV station).

Regarding claim 8, which inherits the limitations of claim 1, Bergstrom et al discloses dynamically determining the set of forbidden hop channels, whereby the set of the forbidden hop channels varies over time (column 2, lines 62-65 and column 3, lines 16-26).

Regarding claim 9, which inherits the limitations of claim 1, Bergstrom et al. discloses the step of forming a sequence of allowable hop channels from the set of allowable hop channels (column 3, lines 5-22), and

wherein the step of using a time-varying parameter to select a substitute hop channel from the set of allowable hop channel comprises (column 3, lines 30-33) the steps of:

forming an index value from the time-varying parameter (column 3, line 2);

using the index value to select one of the allowable hop channels from the sequence of allowable hop channels (column 3, lines 23-33); and

using the selected allowable hop channel as the substitute hop channel (column 6, lines 20-28).

Regarding claim 16, Bergstrom et al. discloses a hop channel selector (Fig. 4) for use in a channel hopping communication system that includes a sequence of hop channels, wherein the sequence comprises a set of forbidden hop channels and a remaining set of allowable hop channels (column 2, lines 62-65), wherein the channels with interference are forbidden hop channels, the hop channel selector comprising:

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logic configured to select (Fig. 4, column 2, lines 4-16) a hop channel from the sequence as a function of a present phase; and

logic configured to use a time-varying parameter to select a substitute hop channel from the set of allowable hop channels (Fig. 4, column 2, lines 20-27 and column 3, lines 27-33).

Bergstrom et al. does not disclose logic configured to use the selected hop channel for communication during the present phase if the selected hop channel is an allowable hop channel and to use the substitute hop channel for communication during the present phase if the selected hop channel is not an allowable hop channel.

However, Bergstrom et al (U.S. Patent No. 6, 351, 643) discloses that depending on a status value, the selected hop channel or the substitute hop channel would be used for transmission (column 2, lines 21-27). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that if the state value met a certain specification, then the selected hop channel would be an allowable hop channel and used for communication during a present phase, but if the status value did not meet a certain specification, then the substitute hop channel would be used for communication during the present phase.

Regarding claim 19, which inherits the limitations of claim 16, Bergstrom et al. further discloses the time-varying parameter is a randomly selected value (column 3, lines 30-33).

Regarding claim 20, which inherits the limitations of claim 16, Bergstrom et al. does not disclose the time-varying parameter is a pseudo-randomly selected value. However, Bergstrom et al. does disclose the time-varying parameter is a randomly selected value (column 3, lines 30-33). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the

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invention was made that the time-varying parameter could have also been a pseudo-randomly selected value since both parameters would simply produce random values.

Regarding claim 21, which inherits the limitations of claim 1, Bergstrom et al. discloses at least one of the forbidden channels is associated with received interference from a jammer (column 2, lines 11-27).

Regarding claim 22, which inherits the limitations of claim 16, Bergstrom et al. discloses at least one of the forbidden hop channels is reserved for used by a communication system that is not the channel hopping communication system (column 1, lines 13-21, wherein the prohibited frequency is occupied by a jammer caused by a local TV station).

Regarding claim 23, which inherits the limitations of claim 16, Bergstrom et al discloses dynamically determining the set of forbidden hop channels, whereby the set of the forbidden hop channels varies over time (column 2, lines 62-65 and column 3, lines 16-26).

Regarding claim 24, which inherits the limitations of claim 16, Bergstrom et al. discloses logic configured to form a sequence of allowable hop channels from the set of allowable hop channels (Fig. 4, column 3, lines 5-22), and

wherein the logic configured to use a time-varying parameter to select a substitute hop channel from the set of allowable hop channel comprises (column 3, lines 30-33):

logic configured to form an index value from the time-varying parameter (column 3, line 2);

logic configured to use the index value to select one of the allowable hop channels from the sequence of allowable hop channels (column 3, lines 23-33); and

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logic configured to use the selected allowable hop channel as the substitute hop channel (column 6, lines 20-28).

## Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 2, 3, 10-15, 17, 18, and 25-30 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Curtis B. Odom whose telephone number is 703-305-4097. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday- Friday, 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Chin can be reached on 703-305-4714. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9314 for regular communications and 703-872-9314 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

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**Curtis Odom** May 6, 2003

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